

Mark Scheme Results

Summer 2022

Pearson Edexcel GCSE In Physics (1PH0) Paper 1F

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PMT

General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Mark schemes have been developed so that the rubrics of each mark scheme reflects the characteristics of the skills within the AO being targeted and the requirements of the command word. So for example the command word 'Explain' requires an identification of a point and then reasoning/justification of the point.

Explain questions can be asked across all AOs. The distinction comes whether the identification is via a judgment made to reach a conclusion, or, making a point through application of knowledge to reason/justify the point made through application of understanding. It is the combination and linkage of the marking points that is needed to gain full marks.

When marking questions with a 'describe' or 'explain' command word, the detailed marking guidance below should be consulted to ensure consistency of marking.

Assessment Objective		Command Word		
Strand	Element	Describe	Explain	
AO1*		An answer that combines the marking points to provide a logical description	An explanation that links identification of a point with reasoning/justification(s) as required	
AO2		An answer that combines the marking points to provide a logical description, showing application of knowledge and understanding	An explanation that links identification of a point (by applying knowledge) with reasoning/justification (application of understanding)	
AO3	1a and 1b	An answer that combines points of interpretation/evaluation to provide a logical description		
AO3	2a and 2b		An explanation that combines identification via a judgment to reach a conclusion via justification/reasoning	
AO3	За	An answer that combines the marking points to provide a logical description of the plan/method/experiment		
AO3	3b		An explanation that combines identifying an improvement of the experimental procedure with a linked justification/reasoning	

*there will be situations where an AO1 question will include elements of recall of knowledge directly from the specification (up to a maximum of 15%). These will be identified by an asterisk in the mark scheme

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
1(a)(i)		
	A ray box	(1) AO1
	B is not correct because a ruler does not produce a beam of white light	
	C is not correct because a measuring cylinder does not produce a beam of white light	
	D is not correct because an ammeter does not produce a beam of white light	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1(a)(ii)	C green	(1) AO1
	A is not correct because red appears at the start of the spectrum	
	B is not correct because orange appears in the middle of the spectrum	
	D is not correct because violet appears at the end of the spectrum	

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(b)(i)	x-ray(s)	allow X	(1)
		х	AO1
		no mark if more than one wave given	
		e.g. x-rays and gamma rays scores 0	

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(b)(ii)	infrared	allow any recognisable spelling IR ir no mark if more than one wave given	(1) AO1
		e.g. infrared and gamma rays scores 0	

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(b)(iii)	infrared	allow any recognisable spelling IR ir no mark if more than one wave given e.g. infrared and gamma rays scores 0	(1) AO1

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(b)(iv)	gamma (rays)	allow any recognisable spelling Y no mark if more than one wave given e.g. gamma rays and UV scores 0	(1) AO1

(Total for Question 1= 6 marks)

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(a)(i)	12		(1) AO1

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(a)(ii)	<u>42</u> (1) 12		(2) AO1
	3.5 (cm) (1)	ecf from2ai	
		allow 0.035 for 1 mark award full marks for the correct answer without working	

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(a)(iii)	A description to include:		(3) AO1
	either		
	time a crest/ripple/wavefront (1)	allow 'how long it takes' allow 'wave' for crest	
	(moving) between P and Q (1)	allow – over the 42 cm over a (set) distance	
	use (wave speed =) <u>distance</u> (1) time		
	or		
	count number of crests		
	/ripples /wavefronts passing	allow waves	
	(eg P) (1)	allow waves	
	in a given time (to find f) (1)		
	use (v =) fλ (1)		
		if no other mark scored measure frequency for 1 mark	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2(b)(i)	 A longitudinal yes B is not correct because sound waves can transfer energy C is not correct because sound waves are longitudinal D is not correct because sound waves are longitudinal and sound waves can transfer energy 	(1) AO1

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(b)(ii)	select wave equation (1)		(2) AO2
	$(v =) f \times \lambda$	(speed =) freq(uency) × wavelength	
		(speed =) 440 × 0.75	
	evaluation (1)		
	(speed =) 330 (m/s)		
		award full marks for the correct	
		answer without working.	

(Total for Question 2 = 9 marks)

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(a)(i)	diagram to include:		(2) AO2
	a re flect ed ray drawn (1) angle of reflection = angle of incidence (1)	judge by eye	

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(a)(ii)	diagram to include:		(2) AO2
	a re fract ed ray drawn (1)	Ray drawn in bottom right quadrant of diagram	
	angle of refraction < angle of	ignore reflected rays	
	incidence (1)	judge by eye	

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(a)(iii)	diagram to include:		(2) AO2
	ray drawn showing total internal reflection (1)	REJECT any refracted ray for this mark	
	angle of reflection = angle of incidence (1)	judge by eye	

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(b)	substitution (1)	(power) = <u>1</u> 0.40 allow 4 to any power of 10 in the substitution	(3) AO2
	evaluation without correct unit change (1)	allow 2.5 to any power of 10 (dioptres)	
	evaluation including unit change (1)		
	2.5 (dioptres)	2.5 to any other power of 10 scores 2 marks award full marks for the correct answer without working	

(Total for Question 3 = 9 marks)

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(a)	substitution (1)		(2) AO2
	(ΔGPE =) 57 × 10 × 2.1	ignore attempts to convert kg to g for this MP only	
	evaluation (1)		
	(<i>∆GPE</i> =) 1200(J)	1197 allow numbers that round to 1200 no ecf from MP1	
		award full marks for the correct answer without working.	

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(b)	select correct equation (1)		(3) AO2
	$KE = \frac{1}{2} \times m \times v^2$		AUL
	substitution (1)		
	$(KE =) \frac{1}{2} \times 70 \times 8(.0)^{(2)}$	ignore attempts to convert kg to g for this MP only	
	evaluation (1)		
	(<i>KE</i> =) 2200(J)	allow numbers that round to 2200 e.g. 2240	
		280 or 35 x 8 seen scores 2 marks	
		award full marks for the correct answer without working.	

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(c)(i)	0.54 (s)	allow any value from 0.53 and 0.55 inclusive	(1) AO3

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(c)(ii)	curve extended to $a = 80^{\circ}$ (1)	judge generously	(2) AO3
	0.45 (s) (1)	allow range 0.42 to 0.48	
		award full marks for the correct answer without working.	

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(c)(iii)	mention/idea of reaction time (1)	human reaction time is about 0.2 seconds	(2) AO3
	(reaction time) about the same as the times on the graph (1)	(compared with) 0.4 seconds on the graph	
		ignore accuracy ignore "human error"	

(Total for Question 4 = 10 marks)

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(a)(i)	nebula (1)	allow any recognisable spelling	(1) AO1

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(a)(ii)	main sequence (1)	allow any recognisable spelling	(1) AO1

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(b)(i)	B red giant (1)		(1) AO1

Question Number	Answer	Mark
5(b)(ii)	D black hole	(1) AO1

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(c)(i)	one from:		(1) AO1
	high temperature (1)	allow 'heat' for 'temperature' in this context	
	high pressure (1)		
	high (particle) density (1)		
	high (particle) speed / KE (1)		

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(c)(ii)	description to include: (two) isotopes/nuclei/atoms (1)	hydrogen	(2) AO2
	fusing (1)	allow joining / coming together / bonding IGNORE collide	

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(c)(iii)	substitution (1) <u>1.32 (× 10³)</u> 4.92 (× 10 ²)		(2) AO2
	evaluation (1)		
	2.68	accept 110 : 41 for 2 marks 11 : 41 for 1 mark POT error scores 1 award full marks for the correct answer without working	

(Total for Question 5 = 9 marks)

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(a)(i)	One from: cell damage (1) cancer (1) radiation sickness / poisoning (1) mutation (1) chromosomal damage (1) dna damage (1) skin damage (1) (named) organ damage (1) burns (1) releases ionising radiation (1)	allow ionises / kills cells	(1) AO1

y one from: iger (Muller) (tube/counter) otographic film	accept recognisable spellings GM film badge	(1) AO1
eig ot	er (Muller) (tube/counter)	er (Muller) (tube/counter) spellings GM cographic film film badge

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(a)(iii)	any two from: beta(minus)/β(-) (1) beta + (1) x-rays (1) gamma/γ (1)	accept positron in place of beta +	(2) AO1
		accept proton beam accept electron beam	
		maximum of 1 mark if one incorrect radiation given zero marks if two incorrect radiations given	

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(b)	type of particle number of particles proton 16 neutron 51 19	1 mark for each correct line more than one line from a box in the left column ("type of particle") box loses the mark for the box	(3) AO2

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(c)(i)	260 (g)		(1) AO2

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(c)(ii)	(54 days is) 3 half-lives (1) 65 (1)	260 ÷ 2 (÷ 2) or 520 ÷ 2 ÷ 2 (÷ 2) 18, 36, 54 (represents 3 half-lives) 54/18 = 3 (half-lives) ecf answer to 6ci ÷ 4	(2) AO2
		130 scores 1 mark award full marks for the correct answer without working	

Total for Question 6 = 10 marks

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
7(a)(i)	substitution (1)		(2)
	12 x 10		AO2
	evaluation		
	(weight =) 120 (N)		

7(a)(ii)rearrangement (1)rearrangement and substitution in either order(3) AO3 $(g) = W$ mmsubstitution in either order(3) AO3substitution (1)20 1212evaluation (1)evaluation (1)accept answers that round to 1.7 e.g. 1.67 (N/kg)
award full marks for the correct answer without working 1.6 scores 2 marks 240 scores 1 mark 0.6 scores 1 mark 20 × 12 scores 1 mark 20

Question	Indicative content	Mark
number		IVIAI K
*7(b)	Answers will be credited according to candidate's deployment of knowledge and understanding of the material in relation to the qualities and skills outlined in the generic mark scheme. The indicative content below is not prescriptive and candidates are not required to include all the material which is indicated as relevant. Additional content included in the response must be scientific and relevant.	(6) AO1
	AO1	
	 planet names: Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, Neptune planet(s) orbit the Sun all planets orbit the Sun each planet in its own orbit (all) planet orbits are in the same plane planets spin (on own axis) moons orbit planets some planets have multiple moons dwarf planets orbit the Sun asteroids orbit the Sun comets orbit the Sun comet orbits not in the same plane as planets 	

Level	Mark	Descriptor	
	0	No rewardable material.	
Level 1	1-2	Demonstrates elements of physics understanding, some of which is inaccurate. Understanding of scientific ideas lacks detail. (AO1)	
		• Presents a description with some structure and coherence. (AO1)	
Level 2	3-4	 Demonstrates physics understanding, which is mostly relevant but may include some inaccuracies. Understanding of scientific ideas is not fully detailed and/or developed. (AO1) Presents a description that has a structure which is mostly clear, coherent and logical. (AO1) 	
Level 3	5-6	 Demonstrates accurate and relevant physics understanding throughout. Understanding of the scientific ideas is detailed and fully developed. (AO1) Presents a description that has a well-developed structure which is clear, coherent and logical. (AO1) 	

Level	Mark	Additional Guidance	General additional guidance – the decision within levels e.g At each level, as well as content, the scientific coherency of what is stated will help place the answer at the top, or the bottom, of that level.
	0	No rewardable material.	
Level 1	1-2	Additional guidance isolated facts about the objects or the patterns of movement	Possible candidate responses names at least 2 planets
Level 2	3-4	Additional guidance Detailed description of pattern of movement for one set of objects. OR limited description of pattern of movement for two set of objects	Possible candidate responses planets orbit the Sun AND moons orbit planets
Level 3	5-6	Additional guidance Detailed descriptions of pattern of movement for two sets of objects. OR Detailed description of pattern of movement for one set of objects plus limited description for two sets.	Possible candidate responses all planets orbit the Sun, comets orbit the Sun, asteroids orbit the Sun

(Total for Question 7 = 11 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
8(a)	B. when there are energy transfers, the total energy does not change	(1) AO1
	A is not correct because the total energy does not reduce	
	C is not correct because the total energy does not increase	
	D is not correct because there must be no net change in the total energy	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(b)(i)	A diagram showing: apparatus labelled to include three from • thermometer • water • insulator / sand / sawdust/ material • (copper) can	independent of arrangement ignore kettle and stop clock	(3) AO2
	(1)		
	thermometer in the water (1) arrangement for water and insulator in and between copper cans (e.g. as in diagram below) (1)	accept reverse positions for water and insulator	
	thermometer Harge copper can (hot) water small copper can		

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(b)(ii)	any three factors from: {mass / volume} of water (1)	accept amount / specified values / "how much"	(3) AO3
	{volume / thickness / mass} of insulators /materials (1)	accept amount / specified values / "how much"	
	{starting / initial} temperature of water (1)	accept temperature of hot / boiling water / specified values	
	time interval / temperature change (1)	accept specified values of interval or change unqualified "same time" is insufficient	

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(c)	a description giving		(2) AO3
	as the density (of expanded polystyrene) increases the (thermal) conductivity decreases (1)	ORA	
	non-linear / gradient decreases / at a decreasing rate / levels off / plateaus /	allow inversely proportional / exponential for non-linear in this context	
	becomes (almost) constant (1)	ignore negative correlation unqualified quoted values are insufficient	

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(d)(i)	600 (J)	accept 3000 – 2400 accept -600	(1) AO3

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(d)(ii)	substitution (1)		(2) AO3
	(efficiency =) <u>2400</u> 3000	allow <u>4</u> 5	
	evaluation (1)		
	0.8(0)	accept 80 (%)	
		award full marks for the correct answer without working	
		allow 1.25 for 1 mark for selecting and evaluating from the correct pair of values	

(Total for Question 8 = 12 marks)

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
9 (a)(i)	an explanation linking two from:	accept reverse arguments throughout	(2) AO1
	(wet road means) less / no friction (between tyres and road) (1)	accept road more slippery / less grip accept idea of reduced visibility	
	(wet weather means) increased stopping distance (1)	accept braking or thinking distance in this context accept takes longer to slow down / stop ignore harder to brake	
	(slower speed means) shorter braking / stopping distance (1)		
	(dry weather / slower speed) reduces possibility of skidding / sliding / idea of losing control / crashing (1)		

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
9(a)(ii)	convert either distance or time (1)		(2) AO2
	(31 m =) $\frac{31}{1000}$ (km) or 0.031 (km)	(130 km =) 130 × 1000(m) or 130 000 (m)	
	OR	OR	
	(1 s =) $\frac{1}{3600}$ (h) = $\frac{1}{60 \times 60}$ (h) or 0.000 28 (h)	(1 h =) 60 x 60 (s) or 3600 (s)	
	evaluation (1)		
	(31 m/s =) 110 (km/h)	(130 km/h =) 36(.1)(m/s)	
		accept 111.6 or 112 (km/h) for 2 marks	
		if no other marks awarded accept <u>1860 m/min</u> and <u>2167 m/min</u> for 1 mark each	
		award full marks for the correct answer without working	

'k	Mark	al guidance	Additiona	Answer	
2	(3) AO2			select and substitute into distance travelled = average speed x time (1)	9(a)(iii)
			$31 = \frac{46}{t}$	46 = 31 x t	
			$(t =) \frac{46}{31}$		
				rearrangement and evaluation (1)	
		o the correct n without working		(t=) 1.48(3) (s)	
		er written to 2 sf ent mark	any answe independ	evaluation given to 2 sf (1) (t =) 1.5 (s)	
		scores 3 marks	1.5		
			1.4 1.50 0.67 1400		
		scores 1 mark scores 1 mark			
		scores 3 marks scores 2 marks scores 2 marks scores 2 marks scores 2 marks scores 1 mark	1.5 1.4 1.50 0.67 1400 0.673(9)		

Question	Indicative content	Mark
number		
number *9(b)	Answers will be credited according to candidate's deployment of knowledge and understanding of the material in relation to the qualities and skills outlined in the generic mark scheme. The indicative content below is not prescriptive and candidates are not required to include all the material which is indicated as relevant. Additional content included in the response must be scientific and relevant. AO3 graph starts at zero graph increases to a maximum at 2 s graph stays constant for 2.6 s graph decreases to zero at 6 s graph decreases steeply until 5 s graph decreases less steeply until 6 s graph at zero between 6 and 7s AO2 velocity is zero at time zero velocity is constant for 2.6 s velocity decreases/train accelerates until 2 s velocity decreases/train decelerates until 6 s deceleration changes at 5 s acceleration is gradient of graph velocity zero between 6 and 7 s	(6) AO2 AO3

Level	Mark	Descriptor
	0	No awardable content
Level 1	1-2	 Interpretation and evaluation of the information attempted but will be limited with a focus on mainly just one variable. Demonstrates limited synthesis of understanding. (AO3)
		 The description attempts to link and apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas, flawed or simplistic connections made between elements in the context of the question. (AO2)
Level 2	3-4	 Interpretation and evaluation of the information on both variables, synthesising mostly relevant understanding. (AO3)
		 The description is mostly supported through linkage and application of knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas, some logical connections made between elements in the context of the question. (AO2)
Level 3	5-6	 Interpretation and evaluation of the information, demonstrating throughout the skills of synthesising relevant understanding. (AO3)

	 The description is supported throughout by linkage and application of knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas, logical connections made between elements in the context of the question. (AO2)
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Level	Mark	Additional Guidance	General additional guidance – the decision within levels e.g At each level, as well as content, the scientific coherency of what is stated will help place the answer at the top, or the bottom, of that level.
	0	No rewardable material.	
Level 1	1-2	Additional guidance isolated facts about the	Possible candidate responses the train speeds up and slows down
		movement of the train or the shape of the graph	
Level 2	3-4	Additional guidance	Possible candidate responses
		Description of motion in at least 2 parts of the graph. At least one of those parts linked to data from the graph.	the train speeds up for the first 2 seconds then stays at a constant speed
Level 3	5-6	Additional guidance	Possible candidate responses
		Description of motion in at least 3 parts of the graph. At least two of those parts linked to data from the graph.	the train speeds up for the first 2 seconds then stays at a constant speed for 2.6 seconds then slows down

Total for Question 9 = 13 marks

Question Number	Answer	Mark
10 (a)(i)	 D gamma A is not correct because alpha cannot pass through and out of the body B is not correct because beta plus cannot pass through and out of the body C is not correct because beta minus cannot pass through and out of the body 	(1) AO1

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
10(a)(ii)1	decays too quickly to give a reading (1)	accept (half-life) not long enough for reading to be taken	(1) AO1
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(half-life) not long enough for	

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
10(a)(ii)2	stays in the body too long (1)	accept could harm/damage other organs patients stay radioactive for too long	(1) AO1
		so the patient does not get too high a dose of radiation	

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
10(a)(iii)	Two from: shielding (1)	accept stand behind barriers / store (source) in lead box	(2) AO1
	time limiting exposure (1)	radiation monitoring badges	
	distance limiting exposure (1)	leave the room/ go outside/stay away from the patient / use tongs	
	wear PPE / protective clothing (1)	lead aprons / gloves ignore goggles / masks	

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
10 (b)(i)	an explanation linking:	ignore slow down the nuclear chain reaction	(2) AO1
	(control rods) absorb <u>neutrons</u> (1)	accept (control rods) block <u>neutrons</u> accept <u>neutrons</u> can't pass through (control rods)	
	(so) fewer (neutrons) available for chain reaction (1)	fewer fission(s) (reactions)	

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
10 (b)(ii)	$\frac{4(.0 \times 10^{3}) (\times 100)}{3(.0 \times 10^{7})}$ (1)		(2) AO2
	1.3 × 10 ⁻² (%) (1)	0. 013 (%)	
		allow 0.01 (%)	
		power of ten error scores 1 mark maximum	
		award full marks for the correct answer without working	

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
10 (b)(iii)	A description to include:	accept references to energy stores	(2) AO1
	(from) kinetic energy (of fission fragments) (1)	accept energy in nuclear store accept nuclear energy / gamma radiation energy / binding energy / mass	
	(transferred to) thermal energy (of coolant) (1)	(to) thermal store (in coolant) accept heat for thermal	
		allow steam transfers thermal energy/heat from reactor to kinetic energy of turbine for 2 marks	

Total Question 10 =11 marks

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